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Exercise for July 23, 2005

Let  $X$  be a discrete random variable with moment generating function

$$M_X(t) = \frac{1}{4}(1 + e^{10t}) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} \frac{t^n}{n!}.$$

for  $-\infty < t < +\infty$ . Find  $\Pr(X \geq 3)$ .

- A.  $\frac{1}{8}$     B.  $\frac{1}{4}$     C.  $\frac{1}{2}$     D.  $\frac{3}{4}$     E. Cannot be determined

Solution.

When a random variable  $X$  is discrete and assumes values  $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots$  with probabilities  $p_1, p_2, p_3, \dots$  then its moment generating function is

$$M_X(t) = p_1 \cdot e^{tx_1} + p_2 \cdot e^{tx_2} + p_3 \cdot e^{tx_3} + \dots$$

In this case, we have

$$M_X(t) = \frac{1}{4}(1 + e^{10t}) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} \frac{t^n}{n!} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot e^{0 \cdot t} + \frac{1}{4} \cdot e^{10 \cdot t} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot e^t = \frac{1}{4} \cdot e^{0 \cdot t} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot e^{1 \cdot t} + \frac{1}{4} \cdot e^{10 \cdot t}.$$

Therefore, the random variable whose MGF we are analyzing assumes values

$$x_1 = 0, \quad x_2 = 1, \quad \text{and} \quad x_3 = 10,$$

with probabilities

$$p_1 = \frac{1}{4}, \quad p_2 = \frac{1}{2}, \quad \text{and} \quad p_3 = \frac{1}{4},$$

respectively, so that

$$\Pr(X \geq 3) = \Pr(X = 10) = \frac{1}{4}.$$

Answer B.

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